## HUDSON HOUSING AUTHORITY Hudson, Massachusetts

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2015	2
Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2015	3
Notes to Financial Statements	
Note 1 – Organization	
Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 3 – Cash and Investment Deposits.	
Note 4 – Restrictions on Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Note 5 – Accounts Receivable	
Note 5 – Accounts Receivable Note 6 – Judgment Revenue	
Note 7 – Capital Assets	
Note 8 – Noncurrent Liabilities	
Note 9 – Real Estate Taxes	
Note 10 – Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan	
Note 11 – Other Post-Employment Benefits	
Note 12 – Risk Management	
Note 13 – Impairment of Capital Assets	
Note 14 – Economic Dependency	
Note 15 – Restatement of Beginning Net Position	
Note 16 – Subsequent Events	

Page

## TABLE OF CONTENTS – (Continued)

Required Supplemental Information
Schedule of Funding Progress
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Schedule of Contributions
Notes to Required Supplemental Information
Supplemental Information
Supplemental Financial Data Schedule
Statement of Actual Modernization Costs - Uncompleted
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2015
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

# GUYDER HURLEY

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Hudson Housing Authority, Hudson, MA, as of September 30, 2015, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Hudson Housing Authority's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hudson Housing Authority, as of September 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplemental information presented on pages 23 through 26, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental information presented on pages 28 through 32, as listed in the table of contents, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information presented on pages 28 through 32 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information presented on pages 28 through 32 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have issued our report dated May 20, 2016 on our consideration of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting are reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Quincy, Massachusetts May 20, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

As management of the Hudson Housing Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,891,370 (net position).
- The net position of the Authority consisted of Net Invested in Capital Assets in the amount of \$3,477,868 Unrestricted Net Position in the amount of \$(586,498), and Restricted Net Position of \$0.
- The Authority's cash and investments at September 30, 2015 was \$1,077,728.
- The Authority had total revenues of \$2,550,862, and program expenses (inclusive of depreciation expense) of \$2,826,085 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY**

The Authority was created in 1962 to provide and promote safe and sanitary housing for low-income persons residing in Hudson, MA. The Authority is a municipal corporation located in Hudson, MA as was established under Chapter 121B of the State Statutes.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Authority's financial statements consist of two parts -1) management's discussion and analysis, which is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements, and 2) the Authority's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government–wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Authority is considered by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) to be a special purpose government accounted for as enterprise funds. Its chartered purpose is the housing of low and moderate income families and elderly individuals. All of the activities, programs and grants administered by the Authority are focused for that purpose.

As a single purpose enterprise fund government the Authority is permitted to issue combined entity level and fund level financial statements. These statements report financial information for each of the Authority's funds and a combined total of all funds that represents the Authority wide financial position. The following is a brief description of each financial statement.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

#### **Statement of Net Position**

- The Statement of Net Position is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and provides information relating to all financial and capital resources for the Authority as of the reporting date and related debts and other liabilities. The Statement of Net Position is presented in a format where assets equal liabilities plus net assets. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (those which are reasonably expected to be realized in cash or sold or consumed during the normal operating cycle of the business), and "Non-current."
- Net position (formerly equity) represent the cumulative effect of revenue and expenses. It is also the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported in three broad categories:

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire authority

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the assets by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

#### Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

- This statement is similar to an Income Statement. This statement includes operating revenues, such as rental income; operating expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance and depreciation; and non-operating revenue and expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income and interest expense and capital contributions and operating transfers.
- The focus of this Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position is the "Change in Net Position," which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

• The Statement of Cash Flows shows the sources and amounts from which the Authority received cash such as income from tenants, income from grants, loans, etc. and the items and amounts for which cash was used such as payments to vendors and contractors, payments to employees, repayment of loans, etc. The statement is divided into four major sections: operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The statement functions down to the net increase or decrease in the Authority's cash accounts for the reporting period.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

#### **Authority Funds**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The programs of the Authority has one fund and the programs are as follows:

Low Rent Public Housing – Under this program the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by the HUD via operating grants.

Public Housing Capital Fund – HUD provides grant funds to authorities with Low Rent Public Housing units on a formula basis. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the Low Rent Public Housing Program. A portion of Capital funds may also be used to support operations and to make improvements in the management and operation of the Authority.

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher – HUD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a predetermined payment standard.

State and Local Programs – The Authority operates the following state and local programs:

State Consolidated Housing and State Chapter 705 Housing – Under these programs the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development (DHCD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by the DHCD via operating grants.

State Chapter 689 Housing – Under this program the Authority owns operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from DHCD. The building is generally rented to a non-profit corporation who provides health and human resource needs to mentally disabled individuals.

Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program - DHCD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program, qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested land the tenants share of the rent not to exceed a contract amount.

State Modernization Program – DHCD provides grant funds to authorities with State Consolidated units based on the Authority's application and determination of need. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the State Consolidated Housing Program.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

### AN OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY – WIDE FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATIONS

The Authority's overall financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized on the following pages based on the information included in the current and prior financial statements.

The Authority's total financial position at September 30, 2015 were \$2,891,370.

## CAPITAL ASSETS

As of September 30, 2015 the Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities was \$3,477,868 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, improvements, equipment, and computers.

## LONG-TERM DEBT

The Authority had no outstanding debt as of September 30, 2015.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the 2015 fiscal year:

- Administrative Fee Subsidies for the Housing Choice Voucher Program are expected to only be funded at 83%.
- Uncertainty exists in what level the Operating subsidies for the HUD Low Rent Program are expected to decrease substantially.
- Increased costs of Employer Health Insurance, Employer Retirement Contributions, Workers Compensation and Fire and Liability Insurance, continue to rise at unprecedented rates.
- The allowable spending "cap" by DHCD has been level funded.

## FUTURE EVENTS THAT WILL FINANCIALLY IMPACT THE AUTHORITY

Funding cuts during the next fiscal year by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) along with sharp cost increases will have an impact on the State Housing in the future.

#### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Hudson Housing Authority, 8 Brigham Circle, Hudson, MA 01749.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

#### STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<b>Change</b>	<u>% Change</u>
Current Assets Capital Assets Other Noncurrent Assets	\$ 1,087,701 3,477,868 55,410	\$ 1,327,828 3,496,382 50,961	\$ (240,127) (18,514) <u>4,449</u>	-18.08% -0.53% 8.73%
Total Assets	4,620,979	4,875,171	(254,192)	-5.21%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	94,167	<u>-</u> _	94,167	-
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	267,309 1,556,467	262,652 1,445,926	4,657 	1.77% 7.64%
Total Liabilities	1,823,776	1,708,578	115,198	6.74%
Net Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	3,477,868 (586,498)	3,496,382 454 (330,243)	(18,514) (454) (256,255)	-0.53% -100.00% 77.60%
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 2,891,370</u>	<u>\$ 3,166,593</u>	\$ (275,223)	-8.69%

- Cash decreased due to HUD recapture of funds and a decrease in unrestricted net position.
- Restricted net position decreased due to HUD recapturing funds.
- Non-current liabilities increased due to GASB 68 pension liability brought onto books.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

#### STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

D	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<b>Change</b>	<u>% Change</u>
<b>Revenue</b> Non-operating Revenues Operating Revenues	\$ 1,523,374 1,027,488	\$ 1,279,317 948,000	\$ 244,057 79,488	19.08% 8.38%
Total Revenues	2,550,862	2,227,317	323,545	14.53%
Expenses				
Housing assistance payments	1,001,801	960,438	41,363	4.31%
Administration	412,509	349,610	62,899	17.99%
Repair and maintenance	673,748	445,944	227,804	51.08%
Depreciation expense	350,875	359,709	(8,834)	-2.46%
Utilities	306,665	311,461	(4,796)	-1.54%
Insurance expense	43,955	39,598	4,357	11.00%
Other general expenses	36,532	30,496	6,036	19.79%
Total Expenses	2,826,085	2,497,256	328,829	13.17%
Change in Net Position	(275,223)	(269,939)	(5,284)	1.96%
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,166,593	3,436,532	(269,939)	-7.85%
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 2,891,370</u>	<u>\$ 3,166,593</u>	<u>\$ (275,223)</u>	-8.69%

- Revenues increased due to an increase in rents and federal/state grants received.
- Administration expenses increased due to filling an open position, as well as the adoption of GASB 68 accounting standard.
- Repair and maintenance expenses increased due to a large amount of turnover of units, as well as a significant increase in snow removal costs due to a harsh winter. The Authority also incurred one-time restoration costs related to a fire at a unit and adopted the GASB 68 accounting standard.
- Insurance increased due to property and workers compensation increases.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents - Note 3 Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Notes 3 & 4 Accounts receivable, net - Note 5 Prepaid expenses and other current assets Total Current Assets	\$ 1,014,678 7,640 31,354 <u>34,029</u> 1,087,701
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Notes 3 & 4 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation - Note 7 Total Noncurrent Assets	55,410 <u>3,477,868</u> <u>3,533,278</u>
Total Assets	4,620,979
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - Note 10</b>	94,167
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accounts payable, other government Accrued wages and current portion of compensated absences Other current liabilities Other accrued expenses Unearned revenue Tenant security deposits Total Current Liabilities	2,862 81,846 19,658 78,594 48,528 28,181 7,640 267,309
Noncurrent Liabilities: Other noncurrent liabilities - Note 8 Pension liability - Notes 8 & 10 OPEB liability - Notes 8 & 11 Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	55,410 1,329,916 <u>171,141</u> <u>1,556,467</u> <u>1,823,776</u>
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total Net Position	3,477,868 (586,498) \$ 2,891,370

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the year ended September 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES		
Tenant rental income	\$	965,282
Other revenue		62,206
Total Operating Revenues		1,027,488
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Housing assistance payments		1,001,801
Repair and maintenance		673,748
Administration		412,509
Depreciation expense		350,875
Utilities		306,665
Insurance expense		43,955
Other general expenses		36,532
Total Operating Expenses		2,826,085
Operating Loss		(1,798,597)
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
HUD grants and contributions		1,107,413
Other government grants and contributions		269,794
Interest and investment revenue		128
Total Nonoperating Revenues		1,377,335
Loss before Capital Contributions and Transfers		(421,262)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS		
Other government capital grants and contributions		146,039
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers		146,039
Change in Net Position		(275,223)
Net Position - Beginning of Year - As Restated - Note 15		3,166,593
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	2,891,370

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended September 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from tenants	\$ 967,193
Other operating receipts	61,005
Payments to employees	(579,197)
Payments to suppliers	(1,849,880)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,400,879)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
HUD grants	1,105,113
Other government grants	272,631
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,377,744
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Other government capital grants	158,446
Acquisitions of capital assets	(332,361)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(173,915)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends received	128
Net cash provided by investing activities	128
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(196,922)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,274,650
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 1,077,728</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (1,798,597)
Adjustments:	
Depreciation	350,875
Change in assets and liabilities:	251
Decrease in accounts receivable, tenants	251
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	33,737 427
Increase in accounts payable Decrease in accounts payable, other government	(24,175)
Increase in compensated absences and accrued wages	2,448
Increase in OPEB liability	11,471
Increase in accrued expenses and other current liabilities	21,329
Increase in tenant security deposits	450
Decrease in deferred operating revenue	905
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (1,400,879)</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

The Hudson Housing Authority (the Authority) was incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority operates under a board of commissioner form of government to provide safe and decent housing to low and moderate income families and elderly individuals.

The Authority maintains its accounting records by program and operates the following programs:

<u>Low Rent Public Housing</u> – This program accounts for all activities relating to the leasing and operation of apartments in buildings that were constructed and are owned by the Authority. These units are rented to low income families and low income elderly, disabled, and special needs individuals. The properties were constructed with grants and or loans provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Authority receives grants from HUD to subsidize operating deficits. Tenants are charged rents based on a percentage of their income.

<u>Public Housing Capital Fund</u> – HUD provides grant funds to authorities with Low Rent Public Housing units on a formula basis. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the Low Rent Public Housing Program. A portion of these funds may also be used to support operations and to make improvements in the management and operation of the Authority.

<u>Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher</u> – HUD provides grants to the Authority to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Under this program, qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority will subsidize the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a predetermined payment standard.

<u>State and Local Programs</u> – The Authority operates the following state and local programs:

<u>State Consolidated and State Chapter 705 Housing</u> – Under these programs, the Authority owns, operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development (DHCD). Dwelling units are leased to low income tenants at rates based on their ability to pay. Operations are supported by DHCD via operating grants.

<u>State Chapter 689 Housing</u> – Under this program, the Authority owns operates and maintains rental housing acquired with grants from DHCD. The building is generally rented to a non-profit corporation who provides health and human resource needs to mentally disabled individuals.

<u>Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP)</u> – DHCD provides grants to subsidize rents paid by low income families and individuals who rent dwelling units from private landlords. Qualified applicants are issued vouchers which may be used by the applicant to obtain housing in the private rental market. The Authority subsidizes the landlord for the difference between the rent requested and the tenant's share of the rent not to exceed a contract amount.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## <u>NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION – (Continued)</u>

<u>State Modernization Program</u> – DHCD provides grant funds to authorities with State Consolidated units based on the Authority's application and determination of need. The funds are predominantly used to make physical improvements to buildings and dwelling units owned by the Authority under the State Consolidated Housing Program.

<u>Business Activities</u> – This program was established in order for the Authority to own, rehabilitate and rent residential dwelling units to low and moderate income families.

## **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Authority's financial statements include the accounts of all of the Authority's operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Authority's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Authority holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Authority appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Authority is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Authority
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Authority

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Authority has no component units.

#### B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority is a special-purpose government entity engaged only in business-type activities and, as such, the financial statements are presented as a single enterprise fund.

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* ("GASB 34") and GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* ("GASB 63"). GASB 34 and GASB 63 require the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. GASB 34 requires the Authority to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of the Required Supplementary Information. GASB 63 requires the Authority to report deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation and Accounting – (Continued)</u>

The Authority's primary source of nonexchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. Grants and subsidies revenue is recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*. Grants received in advance of expenditures are recorded as a liability until earned.

### New Accounting Standards Adopted

During 2015, the Authority adopted GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. GASB 68 establishes financial reporting standards for state and local governmental pension plans, defined benefit pension plans and defined contribution pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements.

The requirements of GASB 68 apply to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees (or volunteers that provide services to state and local governments) are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet certain criteria and to the financial statements of state and local governmental non-employer contributing entities that have a legal obligation to make contributions directly to such pension plans. The requirements apply whether the government's financial statements are presented in stand-alone financial reports or are included in the financial reports of another government.

GASB 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined pension plans, GASB 68 identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employer service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed.

GASB 68 replaces the requirements of GASB 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and GASB 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The requirements of GASB 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement. See Note 10 for more detail on the implementation and impact of this standard.

Also during 2015, the Authority adopted GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An amendment of GASB 68. GASB 68 requires a state or local government employer (or non-employer contributing entity in a special funding situation) to recognize a net pension liability measured as of a date (the measurement date) no earlier than the end of its prior fiscal year. If a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity makes a contribution to a defined benefit pension plan between the measurement date of the reported net pension

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation and Accounting – (Continued)</u>

liability and the end of the government's reporting period, GASB 68 requires that the government recognize its contribution as a deferred outflow of resources. In addition, GASB 68 requires recognition of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for changes in the net pension liability of a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity that arise from other types of events. At transition to GASB 68, if it is not practical for an employer or non-employer contributing entity to determine the amounts of all deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, paragraph 137 of GASB 68 required that beginning balances for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources not be reported. See Note 10 for more detail on the impact of the implementation of this standard.

### C. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

#### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit with financial institutions and other debt securities that are readily convertible into cash and purchased with original maturities of three months or less. Also included in cash equivalents are non negotiable certificates of deposits, recorded at cost in accordance with GASB 31.

## E. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from tenants are carried at the original amount billed less an estimate made for doubtful accounts based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts receivable. Accounts receivable from tenants are written off with board approval when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received. Allowances for other non tenant receivables are reviewed annually. See Note 5 for details of accounts receivable and allowances at year end.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

## F. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, furniture, equipment and machinery with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30-40 years
Land and Building Improvements	15-20 years
Furniture, Equipment and Machinery	3-10 years

### G. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation leave accrues from 2 to 5 weeks per year based on years of service. An employee may carry unused vacation leave to the following year of up to 5 days. The Authority's policy does not allow employees to accumulate any sick leave. Total accrued compensated absences at September 30, 2015 aggregated \$8,426.

## H. Operating Revenues and Expenses

GASB 34 paragraph 102 requires governments to establish a policy that defines operating revenues and expenses. The Authority uses the criteria prescribed in GASB 9 paragraphs 17 and 18 for cash flows to determine operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenue includes rental income, management services provided and all other revenue relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital and related financing or investing activities. Operating expenses include wages, housing assistance payments, utilities, maintenance, depreciation of capital assets, administrative expenses and all other expenses relating to the provision of safe, decent and affordable housing services that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing or investing activities.

## I. <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement system and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENT DEPOSITS

GASB standards require that cash and investment deposits with financial institutions be classified into one of the following four categories:

Category A – Insured

Category B – Collateralized, with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name. Category C – Collateralized, with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category D – Non-collateralized (Includes any bank balance collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.)

The Authority has adopted HUD's Investment Regulation PIH 1996-33 as its investment policy. HUD regulations require that all HUD deposits in financial institutions and investments be fully insured or collateralized, (category A, B or C) by U.S. Government obligations that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The policy also requires that investments not have a maturity period longer than three years.

Custodial Credit Risk - Cash Deposits

In the case of cash deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, except ensuring that it follows the HUD regulations for federal deposits as detailed in a prior paragraph. At September 30, 2015, the Authority's cash deposits of \$1,077,728 were fully insured or collateralized.

The Authority notes that in accordance with GASB 40, the disclosures for all types of cash deposits with a financial institution, whether categorized as cash and cash equivalents or as investments are the same and have been reported and disclosed accordingly in the previous section of the note.

#### NOTE 4 – RESTRICTIONS ON CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority's restricted cash and cash equivalents balance consists of funds restricted for specific program purposes, as well as funds designated for tenant security deposits. These amounts support a corresponding liability. At September 30, 2015, restricted cash was categorized as follows:

Category of Restriction	Amount				
Program Restrictions Tenant Security Deposits	\$	55,410 <u>7,640</u>			
Total	\$	63,050			

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

#### **NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

The following is a detail listing of receivables for the Authority including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2015.

Category of Receivable	<u>Amount</u>
HUD	\$ 2,300
Other Government	26,933
PHA Projects	764
Tenants	 3,627
Gross Receivables	33,624
Allowance - Tenants	 (2,270)
Net Receivables	\$ 31,354

#### **NOTE 6 – JUDGMENT REVENUE**

In July of 2013, a judgment was made in favor of the Authority in a breach of contract action against Coolidge Greene, LLC (the Company). The Authority, in its role as monitoring agent, had sought damages related to noncompliance in the Company's development of the 30 unit property known as Coolidge Greene Apartments. In a written stipulation dated July 16, 2013, the Authority was awarded \$616,543 in damages, with interest from May 2, 2011 to July 16, 2013 in the amount of \$163,377, together with attorney's fees in the sum of \$63,152 and additional expenses of \$15,443. The Authority has recorded a receivable of \$858,515 and has fully reserved against the entire balance due to the uncertainty of collection. As of September 30, 2015, the Authority has not received payments related to this judgment.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets and related accumulated depreciation.

	9/30/2014	Increases	Decreases	9/30/2015
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 314,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 314,195
Construction in Progress	101,238	125,556	(163,277)	63,517
Total capital assets not being depreciated	415,433	125,556	(163,277)	377,712
Other Capital Assets				
Buildings	11,352,445	331,091	-	11,683,536
Furniture, equipment & machinery	315,594	· · · ·	-	354,584
Total other capital assets	11,668,039	370,081		12,038,120
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	8,308,843	339,081	-	8,647,924
Furniture, equipment & machinery	278,247	11,794	_	290,041
Total accumulated depreciation	8,587,090			8,937,965
Capital Assets Net	<u>\$ 3,496,382</u>	<u>\$ 144,763</u>	\$ (163,277)	<u>\$ 3,477,868</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to:				
Low Rent		<u>\$ 240,756</u>		
State/Local		<u>\$ 107,303</u>		
Business Activities		\$ 2,816		

## NOTE 8 – NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

	<u>9</u> /	/30/2014	A	Additions	R	Reductions	unt due one year	<u>9</u>	/30/2015
Simrah Gardens Escrow Tenant Organization	\$	25,057	\$	3	\$	-	\$ -	\$	25,060
Escrow Pension Liability OPEB Liability		25,450 1,254,446 140,973		12,917 141,181 76,873		(8,017) (65,711) (46,705)	-		30,350 1,329,916 171,141
Total	\$	1,445,926	\$	230,974	\$	(120,432)	\$ 	\$	1,556,467

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 9 – REAL ESTATE TAXES

Property owned by the Authority is exempt from local real estate taxes. The Authority makes a payment in lieu of taxes equal to 10% of rental income charged less utility expenses annually for all of its properties constructed with and funded by HUD. State funded scattered site units make payments in lieu of real estate taxes equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the Municipality's tax rate plus \$100 multiplied by the number of available bedrooms. The payment in lieu of taxes for the year ended September 30, 2015 aggregated \$32,064.

## NOTE 10 – COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

## A. Plan Description and Membership

The Authority provides pension benefits to certain employees through the Middlesex County Retirement System (MCRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system regulated by Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). The plan is a defined benefit plan. Participation is mandatory for all full time employees of the Authority. The retirement plan is a pooled risk type of plan. Under this type of plan, funding is determined based on all employees covered for all employing units. The funding liabilities are shared by each employing unit pro-rata based on the number of employees in the employing unit. Since the Authority's share of pension liability is not based on their employees, pension expense is determined by the total required payment to be made to the retirement plan for the year. The MCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to MCRS, 25 Linnell Circle, Billerica, MA 01865 or by calling (978) 439-3000.

## **B.** Significant Plan Provisions and Requirements

State law establishes benefit provisions and contribution requirements of the MCRS. Employees who have at least 10 years of longevity and have attained 55 years of age are eligible to receive retirement benefits. Retired employees receive an allowance based upon the average of their three highest consecutive salary years of service multiplied by (1) the number of years and full months of creditable service at the time of retirement and (2) a percentage based on age at retirement in accordance with a schedule provided by state law. Assuming normal retirement at age 65, this percentage is 2.5%, which is reduced for individuals who retire prior to age 65 to reflect the longer payout period. Employees may elect early retirement after 20 years of service or at any time after attaining age 55 with 10 years of eligible service. Plan members who become permanently and totally disabled may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received depends on several factors, including the member's age, compensation, veteran status, years of creditable service, and whether or not the disability is work-related. In addition, certain death benefits exist for beneficiaries of employees who die in active service.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

### <u>NOTE 10 – COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – (Continued)</u>

#### C. Funding Policy

Depending on their employment date, active Plan members must contribute either 5%, 7%, 8%, or 9% of their gross regular compensation. Members hired after December 31, 1978 must contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. These deductions earn interest at a rate determined by PERAC that vests based upon years of service. Member employers are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance benefits, except for certain cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) granted before July 1, 1998, which are reimbursed by the Commonwealth. The current and two preceding years' apportionment of the annual pension cost between the employers required the Authority to contribute approximately .08% of the total. The Authority's required and actual contributions to MCRS for the year ended September 30, 2015 were \$71,702. Employee contributions for the same period were \$27,936.

#### D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At September 30, 2015, the Authority reported a liability of \$1,329,916 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2014, the Authority's proportion was 0.110705 percent.

## E. Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$120,262. At September 30, 2015, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outfl	erred ows of urces	Infl	ferred ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		4,491		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		89,676		
Total	\$	94,167	\$	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 10 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

#### E. Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – (Continued)

These amounts will be recognized as expense, or as a reduction of expense, as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources			
2016	\$	90,799		
2017		1,123		
2018		1,123		
2019		1,122		
2020		-		
Thereafter				
Total	\$	94,167		

#### F. Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	December 31, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Investment rate of return	7.875%
Discount rate	7.875%
Inflation	4.00%
Salary increases	4.25% to 7.00%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00% of first \$14,000
Mortality rates	Based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables, with adjustments for improvements based on Scale AA.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 10 - COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

#### F. Actuarial Methods & Assumptions – (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the period ended December 31, 2014. The study examined the assumptions used for expected investment rate, inflation rate, retirement, mortality, termination, disability, salary increases, payroll growth, and other assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
6.60%
7.10%
9.40%
2.20%
4.70%
4.40%
4.40%
1.80%
3.90%
11.70%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## <u>NOTE 10 – COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – (Continued)</u>

#### G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.875 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the Authority will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.875 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6.875 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.875 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.875%)	Current Discount (7.875%)	1% Increase <u>(8.875%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,608,151	\$ 1,329,916	\$ 1,093,032

## I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MCRS financial report.

## J. Payables to the Pension Plan

As of December 31, 2014, the Authority had no outstanding payables to MCRS.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## A. Plan Description

The Authority provides comprehensive medical insurance, both with and without Medicare coordination, and life insurance to its employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. Employees are eligible for postretirement benefits if he/she has reached the age of 55 as an active employee and completed 10 years of service.

All active employees who retire from the Authority and meet the eligibility criteria will receive these benefits. The duration of these benefits is for the employee's lifetime. Under this cost sharing plan, these benefits cover 20% of premiums for Medical for those who retire on or after 10/1/2009 (15% for those who retired after 7/1/1994 but before 10/1/2009, and 10% for all others) for both individuals and family members (percentages represent the employees' portion).

The face value of each life insurance policy is 5,000. Life insurance benefits do not apply to family members, this benefit covers 20% of premiums for Medical for those who retire on or after 10/1/2009 (15% for those who retired after 7/1/1994 but before 10/1/2009, and 10% for all others) for individuals.

Currently, there are 3 active employees and 5 retired employees enrolled in the plan.

## **B.** Funding Policy

The Authority is not required by law or contractual agreement to provide funding for the Plan other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide current benefits to retirees and eligible beneficiaries/dependents. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the Authority paid \$46,705 on behalf of the Plan.

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount that was actuarially determined by using the Actuarial Cost Method (one of the actuarial cost methods in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45). Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are both based on an accrual of projected benefits over the period for which benefits are accrued. The normal cost is the actuarial present value of one year's benefit accrual on this basis. The actuarial accrued liability is the actuarial present value of the projected benefit time the ratio of past service to total service. Under this method, the Actuarial Gains (losses) are calculated each year and amortized over the minimum and maximum periods allowed by law from the year of such gains or losses. All employees who are plan participants on a valuation date are

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## **NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)**

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – (Continued)

included in the actuarial valuation. The following table shows the elements of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually paid on behalf of the Plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation to the Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 67,768
Amortization of Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	11,305
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	5,639
Adjustment to ARC	 (7,839)
Annual OPEB expense	76,873
Contributions made	 (46,705)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	30,168
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 140,973
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 171,141

#### **D.** Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 0.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,050,469 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,050,469. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$269,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 391%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, shown as required supplementary information, presents the results of multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2012	
Discount Rate:	4.0% per annum (assur	ning no prefunding)
Mortality Rates:	Pre-retirement: Post-retirement:	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

### **NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)**

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – (Continued)

Withdrawal Rates:	Withdrawal rates are expected to decline over time based on an individual's years of service, from 15% for those employees with 1 year or less of service to 0% for those employees with 30 years of service.
Retirement Rates:	Retirement rates are expected to increase over time based on an individual's age, from 0% for employees at age 45 to 100% for employees at age 72.
General Inflation Assumption:	2.5% per annum
Annual Compensation Increases:	3.0% per annum
Actuarial Value of Assets:	Market Value
Amortization of UAAL:	Amortized as level dollar amount over 30 years at the last valuation.
Remaining Amortization Period:	27 years at October 1, 2012
Health Care Cost Trend Rate:	Health care costs are expected to increase at a decreasing rate, from 11% in 2008 to 5% in the year 2015.

#### F. Effect of 1% Change in Healthcare Trend Rates

In the event that healthcare trend rates were 1% higher than forecast and employee contributions were to increase at the forecast rates, the Actuarial Accrued Liability would increase to \$1,223,246 or by 16.4% and the corresponding Normal Cost would increase to \$19,568 or by 29.6%. If such healthcare trend rates were 1% less than forecast and employee contributions were to increase at the forecast rate, the Actuarial Accrued Liability would decrease to \$906,458 or by 13.7% and the corresponding Normal Cost would decrease to \$11,618 or by 23.0%.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

#### **Litigation**

The Authority is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Claims covered by the risk management program are reviewed and losses are accrued as required in the judgment of management. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority.

#### **Grants**

Amounts received or receivable from the grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. If expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the Authority. In the opinion of management, any such adjustments would not be significant.

## NOTE 13 – IMPAIRMENT OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Government Accounting Standards Board's, Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" requires certain note disclosures regarding impairments of capital assets. The Authority did not recognize any impairments of capital assets in fiscal year 2015.

## NOTE 14 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Authority's state and federal programs are economically dependent on grants and annual contributions from DHCD and HUD, respectively. These programs operate at a loss prior to receiving these grants and contributions.

## NOTE 15 – RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

Prior period adjustments are the net effect of changes resulting from the adoption of a new accounting standard – GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The prior period adjustments for the period ending September 30, 2015 represents an increase in net pension liability at the beginning of the period in the amount of \$1,254,446. The following is a summary of the adjustment to the beginning net position:

Beginning Net Position - 10/01/2014	\$ 4,421,039
Increase in net pension liability	 (1,254,446)
Beginning Net Position - Restated	\$ 3,166,593

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

### NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through May 20, 2016 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION** 

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the period ended September 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Act	uarial Value of Assets ( a )	Lial	uarial Accrued bility (AAL) - cted Unit Credit (b)	Unfu	nded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	C	overed Payroll ( c )	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [( b ) - (a)] / ( c)
10/1/2009	\$	-	\$	939,793	\$	939,793	0%	\$	245,567	383%
10/1/2010	\$	-	\$	960,353	\$	960,353	0%	\$	253,000	380%
10/1/2011	\$	-	\$	979,358	\$	979,358	0%	\$	261,000	375%
10/1/2012	\$	-	\$	1,050,469	\$	1,050,469	0%	\$	269,000	391%
10/1/2013	\$	-	\$	1,047,711	\$	1,047,711	0%	\$	277,070	378%
10/1/2014	\$	-	\$	1,051,355	\$	1,051,355	0%	\$	285,000	369%

## Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)		Contributions Made	Percentage of ARC Contributed
2010	\$ 76,425	\$	40,540	53%
2011	\$ 75,837	\$	41,369	55%
2012	\$ 74,916	\$	44,617	60%
2013	\$ 67,354	\$	58,151	86%
2014	\$ 67,493	\$	52,026	77%
2015	\$ 67,768	\$	46,705	69%

#### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Middlesex County Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2014</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0	.110705%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,329,916
Covered-employee payroll	\$	347,298
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		382.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		47.65%
* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.		

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Middlesex County Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	65,711
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		65,711
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u></u>	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	347,298
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		18.92%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

## NOTE 1 – CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

Members hired on or after April 2, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Chapter 32 as amended by Chapter 176 of the Acts of 2011 and Chapter 139 of the Acts of 2012.

## **NOTE 2 – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

The following changes were effective January 1, 2014:

- The actuarial cost method was changed to better reflect the impact of the plan changes effective for employees hired on or after April 2, 2012.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed from the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected 12 years with Scale AA to the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected 22 years with Scale AA.
- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.875%.
- The salary increase assumption was changed from level rates of 4.75% per year, including an allowance for inflation of 4.50% per year, to rates based on years of service with ultimate rates of 4.25% per year, including an allowance for inflation of 4.00% per year.
- The assumed retirement age for inactive vested participants was changed from 65 to age 60. For participants hired after April 2, 2012 or later, the assumption is age 60.
- The administrative expense assumption was increased from \$3,100,000 for calendar 2012 to \$3,400,000 for calendar 2014.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FDS			Housing				
Line Item	Description	AMPs	Choice Vouchers	Business Activities	State/Local	Eliminations	Total
Ittill	Description		voueners	Activities	State/Local	Emmations	10141
111	Cash - Unrestricted	636,934	76,984	19,217	281,543	-	1,014,678
113	Cash - Other Restricted	10,366	-		45,044	-	55,410
114	Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	-	-	-	7,640	-	7,640
100	Total Cash	647,300	76,984	19,217	334.227	-	1,077,728
			,				,,.
121	Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	-	-	-	764	-	764
122	Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	-	2,300	-	-	-	2,300
124	Accounts Receivable - Other Government	-	-	-	26,933	-	26,933
125	Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	-	-	858,515	-	-	858,515
126	Accounts Receivable - Tenants	1,101	-	-	2,526	-	3,627
126.1	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	(714)	-	-	(1,556)	-	(2,270)
126.2	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	-	-	(858,515)	-	-	(858,515)
120	Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	387	2,300	-	28,667	-	31,354
142	Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	20,992	1,177	2,016	9,844	-	34,029
144	Inter Program Due From	-	-	-	185,637	(185,637)	-
150	Total Current Assets	668,679	80,461	21,233	558,375	(185,637)	1,143,111
161	Land	54,035	-	-	260,160	-	314,195
162	Buildings	6,958,301	-	259,903	4,465,332	-	11,683,536
163	Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	135,470	-	-	219,114	-	354,584
166	Accumulated Depreciation	(4,809,314)	-	(53,508)	(4,075,142)	-	(8,937,964)
167	Construction in Progress	-	-	-	63,517	-	63,517
160	Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	2,338,492	-	206,395	932,981	-	3,477,868
180	Total Non-Current Assets	2,338,492	-	206,395	932,981	-	3,477,868
200	Deferred Outflow of Resources	33,757	8,963	-	51,447	-	94,167
290	Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	3,040,928	89,424	227,628	1,542,803	(185,637)	4,715,146
312	Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	-	2,862	-	-	-	2,862
321	Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	2,963	802	-	7,467	-	11,232
322	Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	2,989	574	-	4,863	-	8,426
333	Accounts Payable - Other Government	24,995	-	-	56,851	-	81,846
341	Tenant Security Deposits	-	-	-	7,640	-	7,640
342	Unearned Revenue	757	-	27	27,397	-	28,181
345	Other Current Liabilities	-	-	78,594	-	-	78,594
346	Accrued Liabilities - Other	36,960	-	-	11,568	-	48,528

FDS			Housing				
Line			Choice	Business			
Item	Description	AMPs	Vouchers	Activities	State/Local	Eliminations	Total
347	Inter Program - Due To	24,110	6,401	118,380	36,746	(185,637)	-
310	Total Current Liabilities	92,774	10,639	197,001	152,532	(185,637)	267,309
353	Non-current Liabilities - Other	10,366	-	-	45,044	-	55,410
357	Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	533,967	147,159	-	819,931	-	1,501,057
350	Total Non-Current Liabilities	544,333	147,159	-	864,975	-	1,556,467
300	Total Liabilities	637,107	157,798	197,001	1,017,507	(185,637)	1,823,776
400	Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-
508.4	Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,338,492	-	206,395	932,981	-	3,477,868
512.4	Unrestricted Net Position	65,329	(68,374)	(175,768)	(407,685)	-	(586,498)
513	Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	2,403,821	(68,374)	30,627	525,296	-	2,891,370
600	Total Liab., Def. Inflow of Res., and Equity - Net Assets / Position	3,040,928	89,424	227,628	1,542,803	(185,637)	4,715,146
70300	Net Tenant Rental Revenue	353,130	-	16,284	595,868	-	965,282
70500	Total Tenant Revenue	353,130	-	16,284	595,868	-	965,282
70600	HUD PHA Operating Grants	247,879	859,534	-	-	-	1,107,413
70700	Total Fee Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
70800	Other Government Grants	-	-	-	415,833	-	415,833
71100	Investment Income - Unrestricted	67	11	4	46	-	128
71400	Fraud Recovery	-	2,106	-	-	-	2,106
71500	Other Revenue	30,430	172,624	-	19,400	-	222,454
70000	Total Revenue	631,506	1,034,275	16,288	1,031,147	-	2,713,216
91100	Administrative Salaries	63,959	32,102	-	95,324	-	191,385
91200	Auditing Fees	2,051	2,474	-	5,588	-	10,113
91500	Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	47,209	23,434	-	67,633	-	138,276
91700	Legal Expense	1,401	303	290	-	-	1,994
91800	Travel	646	-	-	1,306	-	1,952
91900	Other	17,390	20,457	145	30,797	-	68,789
91000	Total Operating - Administrative	132,656	78,770	435	200,648	-	412,509
92500	Total Tenant Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
93100	Water	17,438	-	-	29,638	-	47,076

FDS			Housing				
Line			Choice	Business			
Item	Description	AMPs	Vouchers	Activities	State/Local	Eliminations	Total
93200	Electricity	39,437	-	108	172,943	-	212,488
93300	Gas	46,297	-	454	-	-	46,751
93800	Other Utilities Expense	-	-	-	350	-	350
93000	Total Utilities	103,172	-	562	202,931	-	306,665
94100	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	61,310	-	-	94,603	-	155,913
94200	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	47,779	-	2,878	22,024	-	72,681
94300	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	102,517	-	9,454	82,114	-	194,085
94500	Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	39,906	-	-	65,612	-	105,518
94000	Total Maintenance	251,512	-	12,332	264,353	-	528,197
95000	Total Protective Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
96110	Property Insurance	11,106	-	24	13,572	_	24,702
96120	Liability Insurance	3,466	273	49		-	3,788
96130	Workmen's Compensation	2,997	877	-	3,614	-	7,488
96140	All Other Insurance	2,230	1,048	-	4,699	-	7,977
96100	Total insurance Premiums	19,799	2,198	73	21,885	-	43,955
,0100			2,170	, 0	21,000		10,700
96200	Other General Expenses	-	1,548	-	-	-	1,548
96210	Compensated Absences	606	32	-	1,386	-	2,024
96300	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	24,995	-	5,269	1,800	-	32,064
96400	Bad debt - Tenant Rents	175	-	-	721	-	896
96000	Total Other General Expenses	25,776	1,580	5,269	3,907	-	36,532
96700	Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost						
96700	Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost		-	-	-	-	-
96900	Total Operating Expenses	532,915	82,548	18,671	693,724		1,327,858
90900	Total Operating Expenses	552,915	82,348	16,071	095,724	-	1,527,656
97000	Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	98,591	951,727	(2,383)	337,423		1,385,358
97000	Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	98,391	951,727	(2,383)	557,425	-	1,565,556
97100	Extraordinary Maintenance	79,857	_	6,739	58,955	-	145,551
97300	Housing Assistance Payments		788,215		213,586	-	1,001,801
97350	HAP Portability-In		162,354				162,354
97400	Depreciation Expense	240,756	-	2.816	107,303	-	350,875
90000	Total Expenses	853,528	1,033,117	28,226	1,073,568	-	2,988,439
20000		000,020	1,555,117	20,220	1,575,500		_,,000,107
10100	Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-
10000	Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	(222,022)	1,158	(11,938)	(42,421)	-	(275,223)

FDS Line Item	Description	AMPs	Housing Choice Vouchers	Business Activities	State/Local	Eliminations	Total
11030	Beginning Equity	3,074,990	50,349	42,565	1,253,135	-	4,421,039
11040	Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	(449,147)	(119,881)	-	(685,418)	-	(1,254,446)
11170	Administrative Fee Equity	-	(68,374)	-	-	-	(68,374)
11190	Unit Months Available	1,104	816	12	1,976	-	3,908
11210	Number of Unit Months Leased	1,104	789	12	1,950	-	3,855
11270	Excess Cash	529,774	-	-	-	-	529,774

### STATEMENT OF ACTUAL MODERNIZATION COSTS - UNCOMPLETED For the year ended September 30, 2015

# Project MA06P091501-13

Modernization Funds Approved	\$ 85,434
Modernization Funds Expended	 48,328
Excess of Modernization Funds Approved	\$ 37,106
Modernization Funds Advanced	\$ 48,328
Modernization Funds Expended	 48,328
Excess of Modernization Funds Advanced	\$ 

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2015

	Major <u>Program</u>	Direct <u>Award</u>	Pass Through <u>Entity</u>	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal Financial Assistance <u>Received</u>	Federal Financial Assistance <u>Expenditures</u>
Department of Housing and Urban Development						
Low Rent Public Housing	Yes	Yes	N/A	14.850	\$ 199,551	\$ 199,551
Public Housing Capital Fund Program	No	Yes	N/A	14.872	48,328	48,328
Housing Choice Voucher Program	Yes	Yes	N/A	14.871	859,534	859,534
Total Major Programs					1,059,085	1,059,085
Total Non-Major Programs					48,328	48,328
Total All Programs					\$ 1,107,413	<u>\$ 1,107,413</u>

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS September 30, 2015

## NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Hudson Housing Authority under programs of the federal government for year ended September 30, 2015. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hudson Housing Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Hudson Housing Authority.

## **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.



### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Hudson Housing Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hudson Housing Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2016.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Management of the Hudson Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audits, we considered the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hudson Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

der Hirly

Quincy, Massachusetts May 20, 2016



## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To The Board of Commissioners Hudson Housing Authority Hudson, Massachusetts

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the compliance of the Hudson Housing Authority with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. The Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Hudson Housing Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hudson Housing Authority's compliance.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Hudson Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Hudson Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hudson Housing Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

der Hurley

Quincy, Massachusetts May 20, 2016

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2015

The audits for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations, material weaknesses in internal control structure or questioned costs.

## I. Summary of Audit Results

- 1. Type of report issued on the financial statements Unmodified
- 2. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 3. The report on internal control over financial reporting did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 4. The report on compliance did not disclose instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements.
- 5. Type of report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified
- 6. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any material weaknesses.
- 7. The report on internal control over major programs did not disclose any significant deficiencies.
- 8. There are no audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- 9. Major federal assistance programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The dollar threshold to distinguish type A and type B programs was \$300,000.
- 10. The following programs were tested as major programs in accordance with OMB A-133:

	<u>CFDA Number</u>
Low Rent Public Housing	14.850
Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871

- 11. The auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee.
- 12. The prior audit report did not disclose any findings or questioned costs.
- **II.** Findings related to the Financial Statements which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS NONE
- III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards which shall include Audit Findings as defined in paragraph 510(a) NONE